

SBQ-T

Norms and cutting scores

Boys

Cutting scores superior or equal to the 70th percentile

	6 years	7 years	8 years	9 years	10 years	11 years	12 years
Agressivity (13 its)	6	6	5	*	5	4	4
Fighting (3 its)	1	1	1	*	1	1	1
Anxiety (6 its)	3	4	4	*	4	4	3
Anxiety (5 its)	2	3	3	*	3	3	2
Opposition (5 its)	2	2	2	*	2	2	2
Hyperactivity (2 its)	2	2	1	*	1	1	1
Prosocial behaviour (10 its)	9	9	9	*	9	9	8
Inattention (4 its)	3	4	4	*	4	4	4

* Données non-disponibles.

Girls

Cutting scores superior or equal to the 70th percentile

	6 years	7 years	8 years	9 years	10 years	11 years	12 years
Agressivity (13 its)	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Fighting (3 its)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Anxiety (6 its)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Anxiety (5 its)	2	3	3	3	3	3	2
Opposition (5 its)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Hyperactivity (2 its)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Prosocial behaviour (10 its)	10	10	10	10	10	10	9
Inattention (4 its)	2	3	3	3	3	3	2

The cutting scores have to be interpreted this way :

- For a given scale, if the child's score is over or equal to the cutting score, it means it is over or equal to the 70th percentile of the distribution of the provincial representative sample.
- The cutting scores vary depending on the child's sex and age.

For exemple :

Agressivity, 13 items – boy- 6 years old

If a boy in kindergarten has a score of 6 or more on the SBQ-T agressivity scale, it means he is over the 70th percentile on the scale, so, he is part of the 30% most aggressive child.